USING CORPUS LINGUISTICS TO ANALYZE BIG OIL COMPANIES' TWITTER DISCOURSE ABOUT THE FUTURE

Abstract: Using critical discourse analysis and corpus linguistic methods, this research examined 508,894 words on the Twitter pages of two Big Oil companies in the US and Europe, Chevron and BP. The initial results showed that (1) BP's Twitter generally mentioned the future more and more concern about future than Chevron on their Tweets, (2) Chevron seems to be more inclusive and proactive in mentioning the future on social media, and (3) both companies paid attention to legitimizing their critical-but-controversial business operation by mentioning future and its contextual language on their social media.



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INTRODUCTION

According to Driving Sustainable Economies, 100 fossil fuel producers are responsible for 71% of the world's greenhouse gas emissions. From denying the existence of climate change and strongly opposing climate regulation, the multinational oil and gas companies have gradually changed their environmental policies and positions on climate change. While climate change is a long-term issue, discourse about "the future" might reveal the industry's perceptions and strategies regarding climate change and their policies to address this global crisis. This research aims to examine the discourse about the future in the two corpora from the Twitter pages of Chevron and BP. The study uses discourse analysis to (1) explore how such companies construct and disseminate ideologically specific representations regarding the future and (2) which specific ways they use language to enact power and social domination.

RESEARCH QUESTIONS

RQ1: To what extent did the two big oil companies mention "future" on their tweets?

RQ 2: What are the frequent topics of, issues discussed in, or actors involved in tweets relating to "future"?

RQ3: What are the differences in the discourse of Chevron and BP reflecting the stance toward "future"?

METHOD

This research uses Corpus linguistic approach to explore the *keywords and frequency list*, *collocations*, and *concordances* around the term "future" in two corpora BP's Twitter (278, 543 words) and Chevron's one (230, 351 words).

- Sketch Engine was employed to explore keywords.
- LancsBox was used for collocation and concordance research.
- Manual analysis was utilized to interpret the data context.

DISCUSSION

The *geographical proximity* and *pro-active approach* of BP with some European events mentioning the future can be seen as crucial factors in the more frequent use of the "future" word in the BP corpus.

BP seems to be more cautious in mentioning "future" in their discourse. This seems to explain by *constructivism*. The two companies expressed strategies that suit the fact that there is a certain extent that the people in European countries are more concerned and believed about climate change and the environment than those in the US.

Finally, the aspects of *inclusivity*, *proaction*, and *optimism* in regards to environmental and social concerns can be considered as strategies of environmental and social disclosure to gain, maintain, and repair the firms' *legitimacy* in doing their critical-but-controversial business.

CONCLUSION

This research offers a unique case study applying critical discourse analysis and corpus linguistic analysis to examine strategic communication messages on social media about the future. It contributes to the literature on strategic communication for companies' legitimacy by critical-but-controversial industries.

Limitations: The corpus tool allows analysis of a large number of words, however, they are not yet able to detect the meaning and connections among words. Therefore, contextual and cotextual factors need to be taken into consideration.

This interpretation was manually undertaken, therefore, the analysis is likely to be affected by the researcher's perception and interpretations.

Future research:

- *First*, extending the research to more companies' social media would provide an insightful picture.
- Second, assessing the adoption of strategic communication using dimensions such as company revenue or the use of different social media may provide more insights.
- *Finally*, digging into collocation network analysis might provide deeper insights into the use of language in context by these companies.

RESULTS

BP is more likely to use the word "future" than Chevron in its Twitter posts. Z-scores were computed for the raw score and showed that the difference between BP and Chevron's corpora is significant, z = -6.59, p = < 0.0001.

In the BP corpus, "low" or "lower," "bright," "sustainable," and "low-carbon" are the most collocated words with "future." The verbs with "future" as a subject are most often "provide," "contain," "energise," "sit," and "be." The verbs with "future" as an object are most often "advance," "shape," "drive," "discuss," "think," "predict," "build," "affect," "change," and "be."

In the Chevron corpus, "low carbon," "bright," "energy," "clean," "good," "sustainable," and "economic" are among the most common modifiers of "future." The verbs with "future" as the subject are most often "provide," "hold," "depend," and "be." The verbs with "future" as the object are "shape," "advance," "fuel," "believe," "discuss," "invent," "evolve," "create," "power," "drive," "pursue," "enable," "deliver," "build," "be," and "help."

Additionally, aside from mentioning environmental issues (environmental disclosure), Chevron corpus also included terms that are relevant to social disclosure regarding "future's independent possessive pronouns, "scientist" was found. It is highly relevant to the "STEM-filled" modifier, which reflects the focus of Chevron on STEM education (social disclosure).

Generally, both corpora depict a "bright" or "brighter" future in several collocations. However, there were several instances where "frustration" and "concern" were used as sentimental expressions in the BP corpus.

In the broader context of concordances, the future in Chevron's pages seems to be more *inclusive* with the presence of different stakeholders and proactive in terms of the corporation's role in such an optimistic future than the BP's one.



GraphColl screen capture of the collocation network in BP corpus calculated by Cohen's d. (Threshold 5, +/-5 span, min. freq. 5).



GraphColl screen capture of the collocation network in Chevron corpus calculated by Cohen's d. (Threshold 5, +/-5 span, min. freq. 5).

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CHARTS





Year	BP	Chevron
2013	506	38265
2014	14719	50914
<i>2015</i>	27240	46435
2016	36443	16135
<i>2017</i>	45634	12377
2018	49525	14898
2019	62768	16373
2020	31871	20879
2021	9837	14075
Total	278543	230351

Table 1: Number of words (lemmas) in the two copora devided into 9 year sub-copora

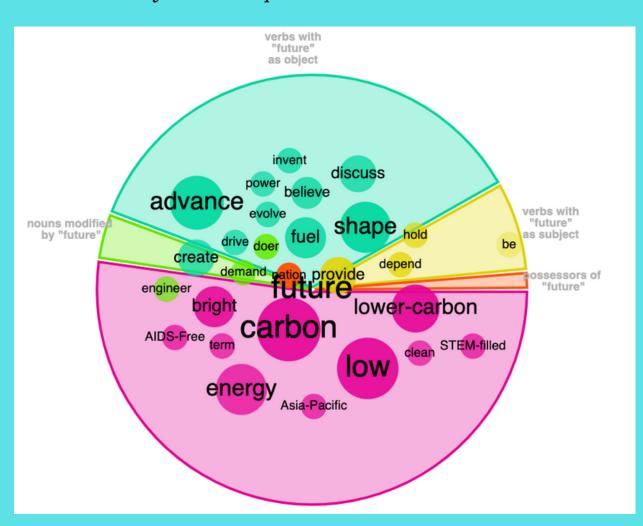


Figure 7: Chevron's corpus word-skecth

your feedback into consideration for	future	promotions. Thanks ^AW AirBP's dual
world transition to a lowcarbon	future	Please visit NIh3hEHrOC to learn
letting us know ^AW The	future	of transport is exciting. There
to achieve both? Watch here"	future	of transport is exciting as
the key factors driving the	future	of transport at POLITICOOs Connected
want to know about the	future	of energy? Our chief economist
you in interested in the	future	of energy? How the world
want to know about the	future	of energy? Our chief economist
you in interested in the	future	of energy? How the world
we'll look into this "The	future	is bright but different" Tc9GYYGQ0H
BP \$BP exsXO9YKPP RsyCCeZ0s9 "The	future	is bright but different" Tc9GYYGQ0H

Figure 5: Concordance with future in BP's corpus

			Freq	Freq
Position	Collocate	Cohen's d	(coll.)	(corpus)
R	frustration	1.14	6	10
L	transition	1.13	83	231
L	concern	1.1	6	15
L	lowcarbon	1.1	123	542
L	advance	1.1	13	42
R	transport	0.94	22	66
L	systems	0.8	5	12
R	faster	0.7	5	25
L	interested	0.7	9	21
L	commitment	0.66	27	100
L	world	0.65	54	471
R	publishes	0.64	5	5
L	bright	0.63	17	28
R	gxbhphkemh	0.61	6	14

Table 7: Dispersion of collocated words with "future" in BP corpus

 \mathbf{BP} Chevron Relative Relative Frequency Tokens **Tokens** Frequency frequency Year frequency 506 32 2013 4 79.06 38265 8.37 14719 13 8.84 50914 35 2014 6.88 38 27240 8.82 8.19 2015 24 46435 33 19 2016 36443 9.06 16135 11.78 2017 45634 60 13.15 12377 6.47 20.2 2018 49525 100 14898 3.36 19 2019 62768 179 28.52 16373 11.61 11 20879 14 6.71 2020 31871 3.46 2021 9837 8.14 14075 36 25.58 Total 278543 432 179.25 230351 206 88.95 55708.6 35.85 46070.2 41.2 17.79 86.4 Average

Table 2: Number of times the word "future" was mentioned over the years in two corpora

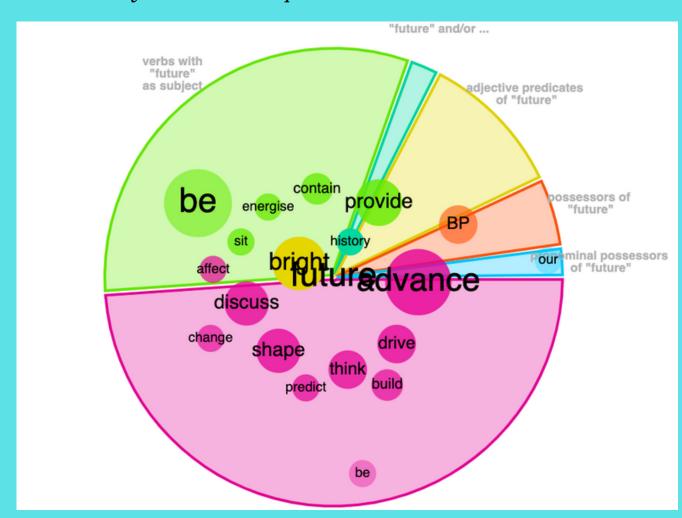


Figure 6: BP's corpus word-skecth

			Freq	Freq
Position	Collocate	Cohen's d	(coll.)	(corpus)
R	innovators	1	13	<i>37</i>
R	engineers	0.92	9	<i>55</i>
L	highlights	0.92	7	44
L	shaping	0.85	5	6
L	performance	0.84	7	46
R	energy	0.8	67	<i>731</i>
L	optimistic	0.8	5	7
R	fund	0.751	14	52
L	prepare	0.751	6	22
L	investment	0.62	6	64
R	ii	0.62	10	17
L	lower-carbon	0.61	18	34
R	meeting	0.6	6	77
L	advance	0.59	7	27
R	growth	0.58	17	125
D	2002221	0.5	E	70

Table 8: Dispersion of collocated words with "future" in Chevron corpus

Watson other executives optimistic about	future	of LNG WGCParis2015 eso9khsfk3 OsaiyuwuOyomwan
Watson other executives optimistic about	future	of LNG WGCParis2015 ZdOZ9R6XRn Chevron
-	5	
math science for a better	future	Monterey News- KSBW Home DuC8DBWALS
need to build a bright	future	F4lFlNntCt "read the first letter
Chevron's long history and bright	future	BalanceForBetter IWD19 6ONuwUXvuS iw2Bdfwb9h" CEO
billions to advance a lower-carbon	future	for all. This is how
higher returns in a lower-carbon	future	CFO Pierre Berber recently spoke
a role in a lower-carbon	future	as fuel, industrial feedstock, and
the transition to a lower-carbon	future	learn more at zIywMmNNSa Ro8F2GpZ8S
we're working toward a lower-carbon	future	Learn more here: rWptQst4Bi gMYBIMKbUC

Figure 5: Concordance with future in Chevron's corpus